JANUARY 29, 1767. THE NUMBER 819.

# VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

*With the lateſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.*

*What is generally called* KNOWING *the* WORLD, *and* SEEING LIFE, *defined.*

TO *know the world*, that is the queſtion. Now I am to give you the genuine ſenſe and ſignification of this phraſe: To *know* the world, then, is to know how to get money; and when got, to know how to keep it; to know how to purchaſe annuities and eſtates; to know how the ſtocks fluctuate; to know how to juggle with the jugglers of Change Alley; to know how to raiſe a *large* fortune; and then (which is the height and depth of knowledge) to know how to talk and boaſt of it; and laſtly, after having known how to *amaſs* together this *large* fortune, to know how to *leave* it, at death, to ſome profligate kinſman that ſhall know how to *ſpend* it. This, in every ſenſe of the term, is *knowing the world.*

But there is another way of *knowing* the world, which is a far genteeler and politer way; and it gives me high ſatisfaction to find ſuch numbers of our young people practiſing and improving upon this latter method, becauſe it redounds greater honour to the pupils. This is what we call *ſeeing life.*

*Seeing life* accompliſhes the mind, purifies the morals, and refines the taſte. Whoever is poſſeſſed with real notions of gentility, and wiſhes to be the ſenſible and agreeable companion, muſt neceſſarily *ſee life*; that is, you muſt keep all ſorts of company, from the nobleman to the beggar; and you muſt agree with evry diſpoſition, and conform with evrey behaviour, that is immediately inconſiſtent with the tenets of reaſon, prudence, and good manners; all ſober and well diſpoſed perſons you muſt laugh at and ridicule, as people wholly unfit to live in the world. You muſt very often drink very much, and when you have drank very much you muſt appear very great; that is, you muſt ſwear a very good round hand, and ſing a very good baudy ſong. You muſt be expert and ready at giving an ingenious toaſt or ſentiment; by *ingenious*, I mean that it muſt be ſmart and witty; by *ſmart* and *witty*, I mean that it muſt be ſmutty and fulſome. This is *life.*

You muſt be a *Humoriſt*; that is, you muſt mimick and take off ſuch as have unhappily an impediment or ſtoppage of ſpeech, be exceſſively droll in your remarks upon thoſe who are diſfigured with any defects of nature, and look upon every perſon as a fool who has any regard for religion. And you muſt be a *Buck*; that is, you muſt be impious in your morals, wanton in your debaucheries, and horrid in your imprecations: In every thing that has the leaſt alliance with obſcenity and lewdneſs, or in ſhort with any kind of wickedneſs, you muſt be *learned*; in every thing elſe you may be as ignorant as you pleaſe. A *Blood* is juſt ſuch another empty headed fellow: Whenever you go to church (as you may now and then, when you have no where elſe to go) you muſt try every means to let the congregation ſee that it is uot devotion, but curioſity, that brings you there. Never look at the parſon, but at all the fine girls; and, to make yourſelf the more remakable, pull out your glaſs, and *ſtare* at them. This is *life.*

You muſt know, or pretend to know, all the young milliners of London; and ſhould you diſcover any one, two, or three of them, to have conceived an affection for you, you muſt endeavour to *debauch* them; and if you are ſo happy as to ſucceed, you muſt then *forſake* and *expoſe* them, by way of gratitude for their kindneſs. This is *life.*

"Well, *Jack*, what progreſs in this new amour "of yours?" "Oh! no eaſy conqueſt, I aſſure "you, *Ned*; the girl is as inflexible as marble. "But, however, I ſhall give myſelf very little "more trouble about her; if ſhe does not ſpeedily "yield, I have an infallible ſcheme for her: I ſhall "juſt treat her with the ſight of a bagnio; and then, "you know, *Ned*!" "Aye, aye, *Jack*, the ſureſt "and ſweeteſt method in the world. Why I believe "I muſt take ſome ſuch method with my little "ſtubborn gipſey. *Nancy* is a fine girl, and not "leſs admired for her politeneſs of manners than "beauty of perſon: She is of a good family, a "Clergyman's daughter; poor! poor! poor! I "have made her ſome valuable preſents; I know "ſhe loves me, and I really believe that the dear "little credulous thing is weak enough to think "that I intend to *marry* her! Yes, yes, ſo I will, "in one of Mother *Phillis's* bed-chambers." This is *life.*

You muſt belong to drinking clubs, ſpouting clubs, and diſputing clubs. You muſt often go to the playhouſes, and there always diſtinguiſh yourſelf as highly as poſſible in aſſuming every freakiſh air and ſaucy attitude; and when the profoundeſt attention is required for the hearing of any fine and pathetick ſpeech, you muſt be ſuddenly ſeized with a loud fit of coughing, clap like a hero at what you ſhould not, and hiſs at what you underſtand not. You muſt every now and then kick up a duſt at Ranelagh, obſtruct the entertainments at Vauxhall, and bilk the waiters at Marybone. This is *life.*

You muſt go to taverns and coffee-houſes, and jelly-houſes, and baudy-houſes, where you muſt commit every kind of tumult and diſorder, ſuch as jumping about the rooms, putting out the candles, ſpilling the liquors, breaking the glaſſes, kicking the waiters, &c. &c. This is *life.*

You muſt go to Weatherby's, and Murphy's, and Derry's, and to every other joyous place in the neighbourhood of the dear Garden, where you muſt *keep it up* all night and morning in drinking, ſwearing, and ſinging; and when fair noon day makes her approach, you muſt heroically ſally forth into the ſtreets, reel up the Strand like a rake of the firſt magnitude, inſult all the ſhop-keepers in Fleet ſtreet, knock down an old woman or two upon Ludgate hill, break *Dalrnahoy's* windows, and then ſtagger up to the Sun tavern, where you muſt get a freſh quantity of the right old ſort, and finiſh your glorious frolick in being carried home triumphantly in a chair, ſenſeleſs, ſpeechleſs, and motionleſs. This is *ſeeing life*, and *knowing the world.*

HECTOR.

## UNIVERSAL DISCONTENT.

'TIS wonderous ſtrange, and yet 'tis ſtrictly true,
Amongſt ſo many thouſands, there are few
Who like the way of life themſelves had choſe,
Or by that will decreed, which none ſhould e'er oppoſe:
This ſhows that men are a fantaſtick race,
Though they aſſume on earth the chieſeſt place,
And make their boaſt that reaſon is their guide,
A gift to every creature elſe deny'd;
And yet it does not to our ſenſe appear,
That aſs would be no aſs, or bear no bear.
The Man of Learning, to be poor afraid,
Extols the profits of the Man of Trade;
Whene'er he finds he no preferment gains,
To anſwer his great ſtudies, charge, and pains:
And grudging, envious of each other fee,
Doctors would Lawyers, Lawyers Doctors be.
O happy Merchantmen! the Farmer ſays,
Who are enrich'd ſo ſoon, with ſo much eaſe!
While I, with labour and inceſſant care,
Get a ſcant living through the tedious year.
The Merchant, of the faithleſs ſeas afraid,
Turns Farmer, which he thinks a ſafer trade;
But quickly finds he is not there more free,
From croſs events, than from the faithleſs ſea.
Some chooſe a Soldier's life, but one campaign
Alters their thoughts, and then they chooſe again.
Capricious mortals! yet they all purſue
Content, eaſe is the game they have in view,
But never catch'd; a fair deluſive cheat,
This life affords no happineſs complete.
The neareſt to it is an humble mind,
To all the ways of Providence reſign'd.
Then ſearch no further, but contented live
With what your choice, or wiſer Heaven, ſhall give.

## *The* INDIGNANT WISH.

WHOEVER has enough in ſtore,
Yet never ceaſes craving more,
For little elſe than to adore it,
Not even GOD preferr'd before it,
The D——l conſume that wretch's pelf,
So as to make him hang himſelf.
But ſhould he live, and ſave his gold,
'Til death arreſts him very old,
Then may his ſons, if he leaves any,
Ceaſe not to ſquander every penny;
That others hence may reap ſome good,
Who live as men and Chriſtians ſhou'd;
Nor niggard, nor profuſely vain,
But keeping ſtill the *golden mean.*
Such may be met with, but ſo few,
There ſcarce are ſix in ſixty two.
As for your *ſtrictly honeſt* men,
Of whom you reckon one in ten,
Your reckoning's very far from right,
Unleſs you leave out gameſters quite,
(Count all ſorts, and they are, you'll find,
About three fourths of half mankind)
And then 'tis well if one in ten
Are upright, conſcientious men.

*One* in ten *are. What an open have I left for the criticks here! But you may let them know that, even in ſo ſmall a number as twenty, one in ten becomes plural: I am ignorant whether this be a quirk or not; however, why may not I be above grammar rules at this time of day, as well as ſome of my ſcribbling betters?*

R. HARTSWELL.

## *A* LIST *of* LETTERS *in the Poſt Office at* FREDERICKSBURG,

JOHN Alexander, Eſq; Boyd's Hole. William Alexander, Boyd's Hole. Thomas Barnes, Richmond. John Bower, Fairfax. Thomas Blackburn, Frederickſburg. William Brown, Nomony. William Brown, Falmouth. Stewart Black, Fauquier. David Briggs. Theodore Bland, Boyd's Hole. Gilbert Campbell, South Potowmack, 2 letters. Executors of John Champe. Captain William Corbit, Falmouth. Edward Carter, Eſq; Albemarle. Robert Chew, Rappahannock. John Cunningham, Wincheſter. John Curtice, Falmouth. Charles Curtice, Spotſylvania, Mary Campbell, Newpoſt. Robert Draper, Frederick. James Duncanſon, Frederickſburg. Roger Dixon, Frederickſburg. Capt. Thomas Danſie, Frederickſburg. John Dear, Orange. George Deacon, Frederickſburg. James Finnie, Frederickſburg. Mary Anne Freeman, Potowmack. Matthew Farmer, Falmouth. Samuel Fox, Frederickſburg, 2 letters. Jacob Funk, Frederick. Morris Hughes, Rappahannock. Mr. Hill, Culpeper. Thomas Hart, Frederick. Joſeph Hanna, Auguſta. James Hamilton, Frederickſburg. Joſeph Harmain, Auguſta. Gilbert Hamilton, Rappahannock. Edward Hall, Auguſta. Francis Irwin, Frederickſburg. John Daniel Jacoby, Culpeper. John Francis Jacoby, Culpeper, 2 letters. William Kirk, Frederickſburg. John Lindſey, Frederickſburg. Matthew Lyle, Shenandoe. Hon. Philip Ludwell Lee. Col. Richard Henry Lee. Henry Lewis, Frederick. Waller Lewis, Spotſylvania. Jean Loſius, Spotſylvania. Henry M'Cowen, Rappahannock. John M'Camble, Auguſta. Thomas M'Neil, Spotſylvania, 2 letters. George Morton, Rappahannock. Col. Bernard Moore, 2 letters. Richard Marter, Frederickſburg. Baptiſt Mulligan, Amherſt. James Neil, Rappahannock. Andrew Newton, Accomack. John Pemberton, Caroline. Chriſtopher Petty, Culpeper. Thomas Quayſe. Major John Rowley, King George. Peter Ruffnaughſa, Frederick. Anne Richards, Frederick. Richard Ryley, Staunton. Youſing Smith, Falmouth. Thomas Sims, Culpeper. John Stith, Stafford. John Stratton, Northampton. Lieut. Alexander Stephen, Frederickſburg. William Scott, Frederickſburg. Samuel Tennant, Virginia. Robert Selford, Auguſta. Thomas Towles, Spotſylvania. Gilbert Tennant, Virginia. Iſaac Taylor, Auguſta. Andrew Wayles, Marlborough. William Wylie, Rappahannock. Samuel Wilſon, Frederickſburg. Capt. Abel Woodberry, Rappahannock. Alexander Waddle, Auguſta. William Weeks, King George. Obadiah Warwick, Virginia, 2 letters. Capt. George Weedon, Frederickſburg. Theodoſia Wright, Falmouth. William Winſer, Wincheſter. Robert Woodrop, Rappahannock. Walter Williams, Frederickſburg. John Walker, Falmouth. William White, Frederickſburg. Richard Wilſon, Frederickſburg. Thomas Wyat, Spotſylvania.

*From the* GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE.

Mr. URBAN,

*AS I do not remember ever to have seen the enclosed in any collection of letters, you will perhaps oblige the publick by saving it from oblivion. It was originally written in French, of which the following is a translation.*

GRAY'S INN, *I am, Sir, &c.*
July 4, 1766. R. J.

*A* LETTER *from an* ENGLISH LADY * *at* Constantinople *to a* VENETIAN NOBLEMAN.

I AM charmed, Sir, with your obliging letter; and you may perceive, by the largeness of my paper, that I intend to give punctual answers to all your questions, at least if my *French* will permit me; for as it is a language I do not understand to perfection, so I much fear that, for want of expressions, I shall be quickly obliged to finish. Keep in mind, therefore, that I am writing in a foreign language; and be sure to attribute all the impertinencies and triflings dropping from my pen to the want of proper words for declaring my thoughts, but by no means to dullness, or natural levity.

These conditions being thus agreed and settled, I begin with telling you that you have a true notion of the *Alcoran*, concerning which the *Greek* priests (who are the greatest scoundrels in the universe) have invented out of their own heads a thousand ridiculous stories, in order to decry the law of *Mahomet*; to run it down, I say, without any examination, or as much as letting the people read it: Being afraid that if once they begun to sift the defects of the *Alcoran* they might not stop there, but proceed to mak use of their judgment about their own legends and fictions. In effect, there is nothing so like as the fables of the *Greeks* and of the *Mahometans*; and the last have multitudes of saints, at whose tombs miracles are by them said to be daily performed; nor are the accounts of the lives of those blessed *Mussulmans* much less stuffed with extravagancies, than the spiritual romances of the *Greek Papas*.

As to your next inquiry, I assure you it is certainly false, though commonly believed in our parts of the world, that *Mahomet* excludes women from any share in a future happy state. He was too much a Gentleman, and loved the fair sex too well, to use them so barbarously. On the contrary, he promises a very fine paradise to the *Turkish* women. He says, indeed, that this paradise will be a separate place from that of their husbands; but I fancy the most of them will not like it the worse for that, and that the regret of this separation will not render their paradise the less agreeable. It remains to tell you that the virtues which *Mahomet* requires of the women, to merit the enjoyment of future happiness, are, Not to live in such a manner as to become useless to the world; but to employ themselves, as much as possible, in making little *Mussulmans*. The virgins who die virgins; and the widows who marry not again, dying in mortal sin, are excluded out of paradise; for women, says he, not being capable to manage the affairs of state, nor to support the fatigues of war, God has not ordered them to govern or reform the world; but he has intrusted them with an office which is not less honourable, even that of multiplying the human race: And such as, out of malice or laziness, do not make it their business to bear or to breed children, fulfil not the duty of their vocation, and rebel against the commands of God. Here are maxims for you, prodigiously contrary to those of your *Convents*. What will become of your Saint *Catharins*, your Saint *Theresas*, your Saint *Claras*, and the whole beadroll of your *holy virgins* and *widows?* Who, if they are to be judged by this system of virtue, will be found to have been infamous creatures, that passed their whole lives in a most abominable libertinism.

I know not what your thoughts may be concerning a doctrine so extraordinary with respect to us; but I can truly inform you, Sir, that the *Turks* are not so ignorant as we fancy them to be, in matters of politicks, or philosophy, or even of gallantry. It is true that military discpline, such as now practised in *Christendom*, does not suit them. Content with their condition, and accustomed to boundless luxury, they are become great enemies to all manner of fatigues. But to make amends, the sciences flourish among them. The *Effendis* (that is to say, the learned) do very well deserve this name: They have no more faith in the inspiration of *Mahomet* than in the infallibility of the *Pope*. They make a frank profession of *Deism* among themselves, or to those they can trust; and never speak of their law but as of a politick institution, fit now to be observed by wise men, however at first introduced by politicians and enthusiasts.

If I remember right, I think I have told you in some former letter that at *Belgrade* we lodged with a great and rich *Effendi*, a man of wit and learning, and of a very agreeable humour. We were in his house about a month, and he did constantly eat with us, drinking wine without any scruple. As I rallied him a little on this subject, he answered me, smiling, that all the creatures in the world were made for the pleasure of man; and that God would not have let the vine grow, were it a sin to taste its juice: But that nevertheless the law, which forbids the use of it to the vulgar, was very wise, because such sort of folks have not sense enough to take it with moderation. This *Effendi* appeared no stranger to the parties that prevail among us; nay he seemed to have some knowledge of our religious disputes, and even of our writers; and I was surprised to hear him ask among other things, *How Mr.* Toland *did?*

My paper, large as it is, draws towards an end. That I may not go beyond its limits, I must leap from religions to tulips, concerning which you also ask me news. Their mixture produces surprising effects. But what is to be observed most surprising are the experiments of which you speak concerning animals, and which are tried here every day. The suburbs of *Pera*, *Jophana*, and *Galata*, are collections of strangers from all countries of the universe. They have so often intermarried that this forms several races of people, the oddest imaginable. There is not one single family of natives that can value itself on being unmixed. You frequently see a person whose father was born a *Grecian*, the mother an *Italian*, the grandfather a *Frenchman*, the grandmother an *Armenian*, and their ancestors *English*, *Muscovites*, *Asiaticks*, &c.

This mixture produces creatures more extraordinary than you can imagine: Nor could I ever doubt but there were several different species of men; since the *Whites*, the woolly and the long haired *Blacks*, the small eyed *Tartars* and *Chinese*, the beardless *Brasilians*, and (to name no more) the oily skinned yellow *Nova Zemblians*, have as specifick differences, under the same general kind, as greyhounds, mastiffs, spaniels, bull dogs, or the race of my little *Diana*, if no body is offended at the comparison. Now, as the various intermixing of these latter animals causes mungrels, so mankind have their mungrels too, divided and sub-divided into endless sorts. We have daily proofs of it here, as I told you before. In the same animal is not seldom remarked the *Greek* perfidiousness, the *Italian* diffidence, the *Spanish* arrogance, the *French* loquacity, and all of a sudden he is seized with a fit of *English* thoughtfulness, bordering a little upon dullness, which many of us have inherited from the stupidity of our *Saxon* progenitors.

But the family which charms me most, is that which proceeds from the fantastical conjunction of a *Dutch* male with a *Greek* female. As these are natures opposite in extremes, it is a pleasure to observe how the differing atoms are perpetually jarring together in the children, even so as to produce effects visible in their external form. They have the large black eyes of the country, with the fat, white, filthy flesh of *Holland*, and a lively air streaked with dulness. At one and the same time they show that love of expensiveness, so universal among the *Greeks*, and an inclination to the *Dutch* frugality. To give an example of this, young women ruin themselves to purchase jewels for adorning their heads, while they have not the heart to buy new shoes, or rather slippers, for their feet, which are commonly in a tattered condition; a thing so contrary to the taste of our *English Women* that it is for showing how neatly their feet are dressed, and for showing this only, they are so passionately enamoured with their hoop petticoats. I have abundance of other singularities to communicate to you, but I am at the end both of my *French* and my paper.

---

## *Incidents in the life of* EUGENIO.

THE selfish man has greatly the advantage of him who acts on principles more enlarged; generosity and disinterestedness will expose the one to such irregularities as the cold virtue of the world has no idea of, while caution, closeness, and reserve, guard the heart of the other, and distinguish what the world calls the man of prudence.

While Eugenio was a boy at school, his good qualities began to plague him. A neighbouring orchard being robbed the scholars were blamed, and a complaint lodged with the master; who being a man of great severity, the poor culprit discovered the affair to Eugenio, and begged him to go to the farmer to make up the matter for him. Gladly did Eugenio fly to execute the commission; when the vigilant master, watching about the place to try if he could not catch the thief at a repetition of the robbery, unperceived by Eugenio, discovered him coming out of the yard. Pleased with the supposed discovery, home he went; and Eugenio, as pleased as he, went to inform his friend of the success of his embassy. Next morning the farmer went to the school, told the master he had found out the thief, and was sorry he had wrongfully blamed his scholars. The master then dismissed the farmer with a smile, called out poor Eugenio, and told him though he had satisfied the farmer he had not satisfied the laws of the school; and, before he knew his imputed fault, had him taken up and flogged.

The next accident that befel him was soon after he went to college; when a carpenter, fitting up some bookcases for him, had the misfortune to chop off one of his fingers. The poor man by this accident being for some weeks prevented from working, Eugenio one day called at his house, and left a trifle with his wife towards the support of a family which he supposed subsisted solely on the poor man's labour. He was unluckily met coming out of the house by a gay acquaintance, who knew the character both of the house and the woman much better than Eugenio did; and was from henceforward stigmatized for a fly rake.

Some time after that, Eugenio's window being next to the street, he was alarmed with a noise at it about midnight; when he discovered a fellow collegian, who desired he would get a ladder, and assist him in getting over the walls, or he should certainly be expelled for pernoctation. Up gets Eugenio, scales the wall, and was just handing down the ladder to his friend on the other side, when, by the glimmering light of a lamp, he was discovered by one of the senior fellows; and, in consequence of it, summoned before a meeting of the President and fellows next morning, and there accused of scaling the walls. From which grievous charge, seemingly so just, it was with great difficulty he escaped rustication.

From college he went to town, where the same goodness of heart plunged him into similar inconveniencies. One day, at a tavern, a Gentleman proposed a collection for an unhappy girl, that was just come out from the hospital, and tired of a bad course of life, wanted a few clothes, and a little money to bear her expenses home. Every one contributed; and Eugenio, finding her friends lived not thirty miles from his own house, with more temerity than prudence, proposed, as he was going down into the country, to take her as far on the road as he went in his own chaise. He did so, and left her at a private house, where he quitted the great road, until she might find a convenience that would carry her home. Unluckily Eugenio, however, was seen on the road; and was waggishly asked as soon as he got home, why he had left his lady behind him. He knew it was in vain to tell the story in all its circumstances, and therefore sat down with the censure.

It happened while he was in the country that a friend of his had had an unfortunate affair with a young girl, for whom he desired Eugenio to inquire out a lodging, until he should be able to make up the affair with her friends. This matter Eugenio undertook, and managed; and, as it was natural to suppose a man of his good heart would do, called two or three times to know how the poor girl did. And as he was very careless about privacy, he was by an acquaintance once met on the road leading to the house where he had lodged this favourite of his friend. The honest man, ready to burst with the secret he fancied he had discovered, proclaimed wherever he went that the kind keeper of this fair incognito was poor Eugenio. What could Eugenio do? He must either betray his friend, or bear the false surmise. He chose the latter, and did it with that calmness and disdain which nothing but a satisfied conscience could inspire.

But finding at last, by repeated experience, that a heart beating with the warmest principles of benevolence was insufficient to guard against the prejudices, peevishness, and petulance, of an ill-judging, half judging world, he resolved to sequester himself from it; and now, detached from mankind, he leads the happy life of a virtuous recluse.

CANDIDE.

---

From the PUBLICK LEGER.

*To the PRINTER.*

A FEW days past I met an acquaintance of mine much afflicted with the dropsy, who had applied to several eminent Gentlemen of the Faculty, without success. Accidentally he dropt into a green stall in Old Gravel lane, where the woman knowing him, she said, Mr. ——, you don't seem well; his reply was, I have got a dropsy. The house being full of customers, she desired him to stay; then advised him to take a leek, pound it in a mortar, extract the juice, and to take a table spoonful in half a pint of new milk. To avoid prolixity, he was desired to double, treble, &c. the quantity of the juice (but still in the half pint of milk) according as he found his constitution could bear it. He did so, and now is in a perfect state of health. This you may depend is a truth; for, if required, I can produce the parties.

* Lady *Mary Wortley Montague.*

## LONDON, *November* 11.

The following addreſs of the Honourable Houſe of Repreſentatives of the province of Maſſachuſetts Bay, in New England, has been preſented to his Majeſty by the Duke of Richmond, which addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

*To the KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty.*

The humble addreſs of the Houſe of Repreſentatives of the province of Maſſachuſetts Bay, in New England, in America.

*May it pleaſe your Majeſty,*

YOUR Majeſty's faithful ſubjects the Repreſentatives of your province of Maſſachuſetts Bay, in New England, under the deepeſt ſenſe of duty and loyalty, beg leave humbly to approach the throne, and to expreſs their warmeſt gratitude that your Majeſty has been pleaſed in Parliament to give your Royal aſſent to the repeal of the American Stamp Act. This is a repeated inſtance of your Royal clemency, and it affords a freſh and affecting teſtimony of your Majeſty's unremitted and indulgent attention to the welfare and happineſs of all your ſubjects.

Your Majeſty will allow us, with the greateſt grief and anxiety, to expreſs our apprehenſion that your American ſubjects may have been repreſented to your Parliament as having manifeſted ſome kind of diſaffection to their conſtitutional dependence on the parent country, and as diſpoſed to take occaſion, from the lenity and tenderneſs of your Majeſty and the Parliament, to abate of their reſpect and ſubmiſſion to the ſupreme legiſlative authority of Great Britain.

Permit us, with all humility, to aſſure your Majeſty of the great injuſtice of any ſuch repreſentations: Your ſubjects of this province, and we doubt not of the whole continent of America, are too ſenſible of the bleſſings they enjoy under your mild and gracious government, to admit the idea of ſuch a temper and conduct without abhorrence. They eſteem their connection with their fellow ſubjects in Great Britain, and a conſtitutional ſubordination to your Parliament, their great privilege and ſecurity. Happy in the full poſſeſſion of our rights and liberties, under your Majeſty's propitious government, we never can be wanting in returns of duty and the moſt grateful affection.

Such, may it pleaſe your Majeſty, is our own diſpoſition; and we beg leave to aſſure your Majeſty that we ſhall ever eſteem it our glory to cultivate, as far as our influence may extend, all the ſentiment of loyalty and affection to your Majeſty's perſon and government, and to maintain a happy harmony between your ſubjects of Great Britain and thoſe of your American colonies.

By order of the Houſe,
THOMAS CUSHING, *Speaker.*

About a month ago a poor Scotchman, juſt arrived from Edinburgh with a large quantity of ſnuff mulls, ſome in the ſhape of a jack-boot, others like a capricorn horn, was accoſted by a Jew, who agreed to take two dozen, which he immediately paid for; but when the Scotchman came to change his money, he found two half guineas not worth one farthing each.

## WILLIAMSBURG, *Jan.* 29.

The ſeverity of the weather to the Northward is the reaſon, we imagine, that no mail came by the poſt this week; which, added to their not having been any arrivals ſince our laſt, we hope will apologize for us with our readers for the barrenneſs of this paper.

*Entered in the diſtrict of* York *river.*

*Dec.* 29. Succeſs, Joſeph Stanwood, from New England, with 1 hhd. and 7 barrels of rum, 1 tierce and 6 barrels of ſugar, 520 gallons of moloſſes, 300 wt. of loaf ſugar, ſundry wooden, iron, and earthen ware, and 5 quintals of dried fiſh.

29. Betſey, Iſaac Ellwell, Jun. from New England, with 24 barrels of rum, 200 wt. of loaf ſugar, 120 buſhels of ſalt, 120 wt. of chocolate, 8 barrels of fiſh, and ſundry wooden, iron, and earthen ware.

*Jan.* 1. Induſtry, Joſeph Seaton, from Philadelphia, in ballaſt.

1. Betſey, James Boſwell, from Liverpool, with European goods.

2. Olive Branch, Joſhua Riggs, from New England, with 1 hhd. and 7 barrels of rum, 80 buſhels of ſalt, ſundry iron, wooden, and earthen ware, and 2 barrels of fiſh.

5. Speedwell, John Ingerſol, from New England, with 1 hhd. and 8 barrels of rum, 160 buſhels of ſalt, 3 barrels of mackerel, 4 quintals of dried fiſh, and ſundry iron, wooden, and earthen ware.

5. Jane and Elizabeth, Hudſon Powell, from St. Chriſtopher's, with 8 hhds. of rum, and 244 l. 11 s. 6 d. caſh.

5. Merrell, Jeremiah Allen, from New England, with 1 hhd. and 7 barrels of rum, 80 buſhels of ſalt, and ſundry iron, wooden, and earthen ware.

9. Fair Lady, Joſeph Lane, from New England, with 4 hhds. and 1 barrel of rum, 80 buſhels of ſalt, 6 barrels of fiſh, and ſundry wooden, iron, and earthen ware.

*Cleared.*

*Dec.* 30. Norton, Chriſtopher Brooks, for Jamaica, with 4832 feet of plank, 5664 feet of ſcantling, 1555 hhd. heading, 2035 hhd. ſtaves, and 397 buſhels of peaſe.

## Advertiſements.

*Juſt imported in the* HANBURY, *Captain* ESTEN, *and to be ſold by the ſubſcribers at their ſtore in* NORFOLK,

WOMENS and mens 3 and 4 thread ſuperfine thread hoſe, womens calimanco ſhoes, plain covered ſilk hats, ſatin do. faſhionable ſilk bonnets, ſatin hives gimped, ſatin bonnets, Brunſwick bonnets laced, black, blue, green, pink, and yellow taffetas, 9-8 and ell wide Iriſh ſheeting, narrow hilling and broad weeding hoes, a complete aſſortment of calicoes, nankeens, humhums, morees, dorcas, yard wide book muſlin, Dutch pin work and cambrick handkerchiefs, bandanoes, clear lawns, &c. &c.

BALFOUR & BARRAUD.

*To be* SOLD, *on* Tueſday *the* 17*th of* February *next*,

THE remaining undiſpoſed part of the perſonal eſtate of Doctor PETER HAY, deceaſed, conſiſting of ſundry articles, among which is a valuable LIBRARY. Credit will be allowed until the 10th of *April* next, the purchaſers giving bond and ſecurity to

PHILIP WHITEHEAD CLAIBORNE, Executor.

N. B. The ſubſcriber begs the favour of thoſe Gentlemen who have borrowed BOOKS of Doctor HAY, and have not returned them, to do it as ſoon as poſſible.——Thoſe who are indebted to the eſtate are deſired to make immediate payment to Mr. JOHN TAZEWELL in *Williamſburg*.

Tdf P. W. C.

*To be* SOLD,

FOURTEEN hundred acres of rich level tobacco LAND, lying in the county of *Hanover*, on *Turkey* creek. The terms may be known by applying to the ſubſcriber, who will ſhow the land to any one inclinable to purchaſe.

N. W. DANDRIDGE.

*To be* SOLD, *by virtue of a deed of truſt, on* Wedneſday *the* 11*th of* February, *at the plantation where Mr.* Benjamin Milner *now lives*,

A PARCEL OF VERY FINE NEGROES,

moſt of them VIRGINIA born, amongſt whom are ſome very fine young fellows; alſo the crop of corn, ſtock of cattle, hogs, ſheep, and horſes, houſehold furniture, plantation utenſils, &c. The time of payment will be agreed on at the day of ſale.

RICHARD HANSON.
ABRAHAM SMITH.

*To be* LET *to the loweſt bidder, on* Friday *the 7th of* February *next, at* Cheſterfield *court-houſe, being court day*,

THE building of two CHURCHES, in the pariſh of *DALE*. Good payments will be made the undertakers, on giving bond, with approved ſecurity, for the performance of the ſaid work.

2‖ THOMAS WORSHAM, JOHN BOTT, } C. W.

*For* KINGSTON, *in* JAMAICA,

THE ſhip JOHN, CAROL COCKETT maſter. For freight or paſſage apply to the ſaid Captain, or *Marſden* and *Hodgſon* in *Norfolk*. She will ſail in a month from this date.

*Norfolk, Jan.* 25, 1767. 4

*To be* SOLD,

A VESSEL of about 115 TUNS, double decked, calculated for the *Weſt India* trade, and could be launched on a few days notice; her joiners work, maſts, yards, &c. complete. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe may apply to Mr. *John Whiddow* on the *Southern Branch*, or to the ſubſcriber, JOHN GREENWOOD.

Who has for ſale a quantity of PIMENTA, good MUSCOVADO SUGAR, COFFEE, MOLOSSES, and *Jamaica* RUM. 4

*To be* SOLD,

AN exceeding good tract of LAND, in KINGSTON pariſh, *Glouceſter* county, containing about 600 acres, all level and very rich. There is on the land an overſeer's houſe, quarters, tobacco houſes, and an exceeding good barn built laſt ſummer. It is a noted place for fine fiſh and oyſters, and great plenty of all kinds of water fowl. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe may know the terms by applying to

6 JOHN ROOTES.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber in *Amelia* county, about the middle of *November* laſt, a well ſet Mulatto fellow named ANTHONY, about 20 years of age, very cunning and comical in his behaviour, and has a ſcar on the back part of his left arm juſt above his wriſt. Whoever conveys the ſaid fellow to me ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS reward, beſides what the law allows.

No doubt he will endeavour to make his eſcape out of the colony, therefore all maſters of veſſels are forewarned from carrying off or harbouring the ſaid ſlave at their peril.

THOMAS JONES.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber in *New Kent*, about the 20th of NOVEMBER laſt, two Mulatto girls, named MARGARET and LIZZY. The former is about 12 years old, of a dark complexion, and has a thin viſage; the other is of a yellow complexion, and has a long woolly head. They are both bound to me as the law directs, *viz.* to ſerve until the age of 21 years. Whoever conveys them to me, near the *Long Bridge*, ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS reward, beſides what the law allows.

2‖ JONATHAN PATTESON.

TAKEN up, in *Albemarle*, a white horſe, about 4 feet 5 inches high, about 9 or 10 years old, with a ſwitch tail, and branded on the near buttock I S; alſo a milk and cider coloured mare, 4 feet 5 inches high, with a ſwitch tail and hanging mane, and branded on the near buttock ●; the horſe has been poſted, and appraiſed to 41 l. 10 s.

MARTIN KEY.

*To be* SOLD *at publick ſale, on* Monday *the* 6*th of* April *next*,

FOUR valuable tracts of LAND, belonging to the ſubſcriber, lying in *Anſon* county, *North Carolina*; on one of which is a convenient dwelling houſe, and a ſingle geered griſt mill newly built, finiſhed and completed after the beſt manner, and well fixed with bolting cloths for making flower, and from its ſituation attended with moſt, if not every convenience, of rendering it advantageous and profitable. The ſale of the ſeveral tracts will be at the place where the mill is ſituated, which is on *Little* river, a branch of *Pee Dee*, and about 7 miles from the main river. The purchaſer will be allowed two years credit, on giving bond with approved ſecurity to

EDMUND FANNING.

N. B. Longer credit will be allowed, if requeſted by the purchaſer.

*To be* SOLD, *on twelve months credit,*

ABOUT 20,000 acres of LAND in *Amherſt* county, to which an indiſputable title will be made, and laid off in lots as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. Apply to Col. *William Cabell* (who is Attorney for the executors of *Philip Grymes*, Eſq; deceaſed, and lives in *Amherſt* county) or to Tf LUNSFORD LOMAX, Jun.

*To be* SOLD, *on* FRIDAY *the 20th of* February *next, at the* KING'S HEAD *tavern in* Peterſburg,

ONE hundred acres (more or leſs) of very good LAND, within two miles of the ſaid town, whereon are pretty good improvements, and a remarkable good ſpring. The terms to be agreed on at the day of ſale. CHARLES COOPER.

*To be* SOLD *at the Poſt Office, for ready money only, at 5 ſ. per bottle,*

A moſt ſovereign OIL for BRUISES and STRAINS.

THIS excellent OIL has been made in one family above 120 years, for their own particular uſe; and the great benefit which the poor have received by it, to whom it has always hitherto been given away *gratis*, encourages the perſon who is now in poſſeſſion of the receipt to make it publick, for the more general ſervice of mankind. The ſucceſs with which this remedy has been uſed in ſome inſtances is ſo admirable and ſurpriſing, that it may juſtify any one in ſaying that for deſperate bruiſes its equal is hardly to be known for certainty, ſpeed, ſafety, and eaſe to the patient, with which it cures. It is alſo exceeding good for cuts and all freſh wounds, and it has been found exceeding uſeful in ſhortneſs of breath, as has been experienced by many people; cures any lameneſs in the joints or limbs, occaſioned by cold ſettled in them *(if not of very long ſtanding)* and there have been experiments made of it on children that have had the rickets to a great degree, which were perfectly cured by anointing the joints with it. This it is thought not improper to mention, that ſuch as have need may make further uſe of it in this caſe, eſpecially ſince it is well known that it can do no harm, if it ſhould ſometimes fail of its deſired ſucceſs. Thoſe that travel ought never to be without it, becauſe they are not only more liable to dangerous falls and bruiſes than others, but are often out of the reach of thoſe proper helps with which they may be furniſhed. It is more eſpecially recommended to Captains of merchant ſhips, who, it is preſumed, if they would once take ſome of it to ſea with them, would for their own ſakes, as well as theirs that ſerve them, never make a voyage without it, it being a never failing cure for the moſt deſperate bruiſes, whether externally or internally, if timely applied.

*To be* LET, *and entered on immediately,*

THE Houſes and Lots, where the deceaſed CHARLES GOODALL lately lived, in HANOVER town. There is a commodious dwelling-houſe, with all convenient out-houſes, in good repair, and a large garden newly paled in. The ſituation being in the moſt publick place of the town (on the main ſtreet leading to PAGE'S warehouſe) makes it extremely convenient for an ordinary. A perſon capable of keeping a genteel houſe, and proper accommodations, would undoubtedly meet with good encouragement. The terms may be known by applying to

Tf JOHN JOHNSON.

*To be* SOLD, *on* Thurſday *the 29th of this inſtant, at the late dwelling-houſe of* Simon Whitaker, *deceaſed,*

THE houſehold and kitchen furniture, horſes, cattle, a riding chair and harneſs, and a large quantity of bricks and lime. Credit will be allowed until the 20th of JUNE next, the purchaſers giving bond with good ſecurity to

1 HUMPHREY HARWOOD, Executor.

N. B. At the ſame time will be let a half lot of ground, whereon is a good ſtable, kitchen, and dairy. ——— All perſons that have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate are deſired to bring in their accounts, and thoſe indebted to make immediate payment to H. H.

YORK, JAN. 15, 1767.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the ſubſcriber's plantation in WARWICK county, about the 20th of *December* laſt, a very large dark coloured horſe MULE. Whoever takes up the ſaid mule, and delivers him to Mr. *Charles Dabney* in *Hanover* county, or the ſubſcriber, ſhall receive TWENTY SHILLINGS reward, with reaſonable charges.

EDWARD AMBLER.

N. B. The mule is a very remarkable one, being perhaps the largeſt in the colony.

THERE is in the STOREHOUSE at *Burwell's* ferry, and was there ſeveral months before Mr. *Brown* left it, a hhd. of STONE WARE, both white and coloured. The owner of the ſame is deſired to ſend for it, otherwiſe it will be ſold, to the higheſt bidder, on *Thurſday* the 12th of *February* next, to pay for ſtorage.

MATTHEW MOODY, Jun.

TAKEN up, in *Goochland*, a mouſe coloured mare, about 13 hands and a half high, with a hanging mane, has never been dockt, and branded on the near buttock TP in a piece; poſted, and appraiſed to 10 l.

‖ JAMES COLE.

TAKEN up, in *Bedford*, a bright bay horſe colt, about a year old, with a blaze in his face, his hind feet white, is a trotter, but neither dockt nor branded.

2‖ ADAM CLEMENT.

THE ſubſcriber having met with great encouragement from the Gentlemen in the trade of *James* river, to undertake buſineſs in the General Court, propoſes to ſettle in *Williamſburg*. All letters and commands directed for him at that place ſhall be duly attended to.

RICHARD STARKE.

*For* LONDON,

THE ſhip HANBURY, JAMES ESTEN Commander, now lying in YORK river, *Mattapony*, will take in tobacco, on liberty of conſignment, at 8 l. ſterling a tun. Any perſons inclining to ſhip are deſired to apply to the Captain, who will attend all convenient county courts. The ſaid ſhip will ſail in *April*, without fail.

*To be* LET *on* CHARTER *to any part of* Europe, *or any three of the* Weſt India *iſlands,*

THE ſhip MOLLY, *Henry Rothery* maſter, burthen about five hundred hogſheads, now lying at NORFOLK. For terms apply to the maſter on board, or *Matthew Rothery* in *Norfolk*.

STolen from the ſubſcriber in *Chowan* county, *North Carolina*, by one who goes by the name of JOHN JONES, and pretends to be a watchmaker, a ſorrel horſe, near 14 hands high, with a ſmall ſtar in his forehead, untrimmed mane, bob tail, trots well, and paces indifferently. The ſaid JONES is about 5 feet and a half high, has a down look, is round ſhouldered, and of a ſwarthy complexion; had on when he ſtole the ſaid horſe a dark frieze lapelled coat and waiſtcoat, dirty leather breeches, yellow metal buckles in his ſhoes, and his hair brown and ſhort. He is an *Engliſhman*, and ſuppoſed to be gone towards *Suffolk*. Whoever apprehends the ſaid thief, ſo that he may be lawfully proſecuted, ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS *Virginia* currency; and the ſame ſum for the horſe, upon his being delivered to Mr. *Thomas Gilchriſt* in *Suffolk*.

‖ DANIEL EARL.

N. B. The ſaid villain, on his return from *Carolina*, ſtole from the ſlave of a private Gentleman a pair of leather bags, and a bundle, containing a pair of green knit worſted breeches, 2 plain and 2 ruffled ſhirts, 8 pair of ſtockings, 2 pair of ſhoes, 1 pair of half boots, 1 black coat, a ſnuff coloured waiſtcoat, and ſundry other articles.

*To be* SOLD, *on reaſonable* TERMS,

THREE thouſand acres of land, in *King William* county, two thouſand of which lies on the river *Mattapony*, about eight miles above *Weſt Point*, and about four miles from *Claiborne*'s ferry; there are two handſome ſeats on the ſaid two thouſand acres of land, the one on which the ſubſcriber lives has a very fine large and genteel brick houſe, two ſtory high, with four rooms above and four below, with a fireplace to each room, a large paſſage, four fine cellars, and cellar paſſage, the work, both brick and wood, as well done as any in this colony, all convenient out-houſes, a well accuſtomed mill, a large apple orchard of Hughes's and white apples, about fifty or ſixty acres of very good marſh, a large garden newly paled in, the ſituation and proſpect very pleaſant, and great plenty of fiſh and wild fowl. The other is alſo a fine and agreeable ſituation, with a good dwelling-houſe and out-houſes, with apple and peach orchards. Theſe lands are very good for tobacco, *Indian* corn, wheat, oats, *&c.* has ſeveral fine places for meadows, and is in general exceeding level and well timbered, and in very good order for cropping, with plenty of tobacco houſes, barns, Negro quarters, *&c.* The other thouſand acres of land lies on the ſame river *(Mattapony)* about two or three miles above *Weſt Point*, is extremely level and well timbered, and has belonging to it one hundred and fifty or ſixty acres of very fine marſh, ſo firm, dry, and hard, that carriages of great burthen go on it, and is of the greateſt advantage to ſtocks of cattle, hogs, *&c.* where numbers may be raiſed with little trouble and expenſe, and a ready market for them. This land, as well as the other, is exceeding good, and produces fine tobacco, corn, wheat, oats, *&c.* has ſeveral places for meadow, great plenty of fiſh and fowl, is in good order for cropping, and has tobacco houſes, quarters, and other convenient houſes. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe may be ſhown theſe lands, and know the terms, by applying to

Tf THOMAS MOORE.

*N. B.* Large ſtocks of cattle, hogs, *&c.* with ſeveral blooded mares and plow horſes, may be bought with or without the land. T. M.

TAKEN up, in *Prince George*, a brindled and white cow, about 8 or 9 years old, and marked with a crop and half crop in each ear; poſted, and appraiſed to 30 s.

‖ THOMAS PARHAM.

TAPPAHANNOCK, *Dec.* 27, 1766.

THIS is to give NOTICE that I have opened a TAVERN at *Tappahannock*, in the houſes where *Archibald Ritchie* lived, near the river ſide, and it is my intention to keep it as well as any houſe in the colony; therefore Gentlemen may depend on being well accommodated, and their ſervants and horſes taken care of. The management of the ferry here acroſs *Rappahannock* alſo falls to my ſhare, where travellers may depend on the readieſt deſpatch.

6 JOHN WHITLOCK.

*To be* SOLD *at* Rocky Ridge, *on* Monday *the 16th of* FEBRUARY *next (if fair, otherwiſe next fair day)*

# 100 choice Slaves,

AMONG whom are ſeveral valuable tradeſmen. Six months credit will be allowed for one half the purchaſe money, and twelve months credit for the remainder, upon giving bond and ſecurity to the adminiſtrators of JOHN ROBINSON, Eſquire. A diſcount of five per cent. will be allowed for ready money. 7‖

HANOVER town, *December* 22, 1766.

ALL perſons indebted to Meſſ. *Andrew Cochrane, Robert Donald*, and Co. are once more deſired to ſay off their balances; and thoſe who are not able to comply with this requeſt muſt give their bonds, otherwiſe they need expect no further indulgence. Mr. *Matthew Anderſon*, jun. who is properly authorized, will attend all convenient county courts for that purpoſe.

8 ALEXANDER DONALD.

NORFOLK, *November* 25, 1766.

ANY perſon who has a mind to become an adventurer in my LOTTERY may ſee the ſcheme by applying to Meſſ. *Purdie* and *Dixon*'s Gazette of the 13th inſtant, and Mr *Rind*'s Gazette of the 12th inſtant; alſo may ſee the ſcheme, plan, *&c.* at theſe Printing Offices, and in the hands of the managers at *Norfolk*; *George Wray, Hampton*; *Seymour Powell, York*; *William Trebell, James Southall*, and *William Lane, Williamſburg*; *John Baniſter, Peterſburg, Daniel M'Collum, Osborne's*; *Archibald Buchanan, Warwick*; *Alexander Donald, Page's*; *Andrew Grant, Boyd's Hole*; *Thomas Smith, Glouceſter*; *Peter Le Grand, Prince Edward*; *William Ronald*, and *James Scott, Eaſtern Shore*; of whom tickets may be had.

Tf JOSEPH CALVERT.

*To be* SOLD, *by private ſale,*

A VERY Handſome and Convenient STOREHOUSE, on the main ſtreet in *Williamſburg*, with every advantage from its ſituation either for a merchant or tradeſman, and is in exceeding good repair, having been built but a ſhort time. The credit will be agreed on at the day of ſale, the purchaſer giving bond and ſecurity to

Tf JOHN THOMPSON, & Co.

*To be* SOLD,

A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, containing about 1900 acres, pleaſantly ſituated on *James* river, in *Prince George* county, known by the name of *Coggin's Point*, in an extraordinary good neighbourhood, and has the advantage of all the places on the river for fiſh and fowl. Perſons inclining to purchaſe are deſired to apply for terms to *Benjamin Harriſon*, Jun. or *John Fitzhugh*, at *Martin's Brandon*, or the ſubſcriber in *Stafford*.

Tf NATHANIEL HARRISON.

*To be SOLD*, CHEAP,

A NEW SHIP, about 180 tuns, built of the beſt white oak, well calculated for the *Weſt India* or tobacco trade. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe may apply to Mr. *Joſeph Calvert* at *Norfolk*, or *George Walker* at *Hampton*.

N. B. Six months credit, or good wheat, will ſuit for one half the value of ſaid veſſel. Tf

# *Scheme of a Lottery*

FOR diſpoſing of 146 LOTS of LAND, in the town of *Hanover*, yet remaining unſold. —— The leaſt valuable of the lots, according to the prices of thoſe moſt remote from the water, which have been ſold, not being leſs than 20 l. which is far below a medium between that ſum and what was given for ſeveral near the water, the unſold lots are rated at 30 l. each, accounting 1, 2, 8, 9, 10, on which *Page*'s warehouſes ſtand, one lot; and 24, 35, 36, 47, 48, 49, on which *Crutchfield*'s warehouſes ſtand, one other lot only, ſo that there will be but 137 lots in the whole to be drawn for; and it is propoſed that there ſhall be no more than that number of chances, and conſequently no blanks. The conſideration money will not be required of Gentlemen willing to become adventurers, and ſubſcribing to the ſcheme, until *April* next; when it is to be paid to the proprietor at *Williamſburg*, either in caſh, or 3000 wt. of tobacco. The drawing will be ſoon after the ſubſcription ſhall be completed, of which notice ſhall be given in the *Virginia* Gazette. *Robert Carter Nicholas, George Wythe, Thomas Everard, John Thompſon*, and *Jerman Baker*, Eſquires, will be managers of the lottery, or any three of them. Tf MANN PAGE.

WILLIAMSBURG: Printed by *ALEX. PURDIE*, and *JOHN DIXON*, at the POST OFFICE; by whom Perſons may be ſupplied with this PAPER, at 12 *ſ.* 6 *d.* a Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are inſerted for 3 *ſ.* the firſt Week, and 2 *ſ.* each Week after.